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Welcome to Grade 2!

A Family's Guide to *CSPS Academic Standards*

This guide was made to help families understand the *CSPS Academic Standards* and to show what children will learn by the end of second grade. This tool provides information about the key ideas and skills teachers will introduce in mathematics, reading and writing, science and social studies. It includes possible examples of what students will be asked to do in class, how to help your child at home, questions you can ask your child and questions families can ask their child's teacher.



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This guide also was designed to help parents understand how they can work with teachers to support the learning of their child . When teachers and families work together to help students master *CornerStone Prep's Academic Standards*, students can succeed by developing the skills they will need for life after graduation.

If you have questions about this information or if your child needs extra help, please contact your child's teacher.



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Why are Academic Standards important?

CornerStone Prep's Academic Standards are important because they help make sure that all students have the skills they need to go after a successful future. Standards represent a goal or outcome of a subject area (such as mathematics, reading and writing, science and social studies). They help set clear and consistent expectations for what students should know and be able to do from kindergarten through high school. The standards are not a curriculum and do not determine the design of a lesson plan or how units should be organized. Decisions on how best to help students meet the goals in the standards, how learning experiences are designed, or what resources should be used are left to teachers.

How is faith integrated?

We offer a high-quality education through the lens of a Biblical worldview, which prepares our students for college, career, and life. Education of every kind is an endeavor shaped by worldviews and is more than just data and evidence; therefore, students must not only know facts, but also understand their worldview and how it colors and focuses their view of facts. As an inter-denominational school, the Biblical worldview that we teach students is best expressed in the biblical story of Creation, Fall, and Redemption. By taking these three events/themes as the lenses through which to look at the academics, we are able to show that faith and learning are bound together.



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Grade 2 Mathematics

Overview:

During 2nd grade, students will develop the ability to add and subtract up to 20 and add and subtract up to 100 using place value and properties of operations. Your child will:

- Begin working with equal groups of objects to build a foundation for learning multiplication;
- Understand shapes and their attributes; and
- Use measurement to make a dot chart.

Examples of Your Child's Work at School:

- Solving one- and two-step word problems using addition and subtraction up to 100;
- Mentally adding and subtracting up to 20;
- Adding and subtracting up to 100 using specific strategies;
- Adding and subtracting up to 1,000 using specific strategies;
- Understanding the meaning of the place value of hundreds, tens and ones, and comparing three-digit numbers;
- Solving word problems involving length and money;
- Identifying, drawing and describing triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons and cubes; and
- Dividing circles and rectangles into halves, thirds and fourths.

How to Help Your Child at Home:

- Ask your child which tools he or she would use to measure the length of a pen versus the length of your home?
- After baking a pan of brownies, have your child draw the different possibilities to equally divide the brownies into halves, thirds and fourths.
- When shopping with your child, have her or him practice counting the change.
- Have your child add and subtract up to 1,000 using strategies they have learned in class.

Questions You Can Ask Your Child:

- What tools would use to measure the length of a pan versus the length of your home?
- Why did you choose the tool you used?
- Are the different ways to make thirds equal sizes?
- How many juice boxes are in three packages?
- How much change will we have after we pay for our snacks with this \$10 bill?

Questions You Can Ask Your Child's Teacher:

- Which addition/subtraction strategies work well for my child?
- How can I get my child solving real-world problems?
- What do you think is giving my child the most trouble? How can I help him or her improve in this area?
- What will my child will be learning this year? How can I support his or her development in that area?

Grade 2 Reading and Writing

Overview:

During 2nd grade, students will become more independent readers and writers as they learn more skills. Your child will:

- Explore vowel sounds in words and read regular and irregularly spelled words;
- Listen to, read, talk and write about 2nd-grade fiction and nonfiction using clues from the text to make sense of and analyze what they have read;
- Form uppercase and lowercase cursive letters;
- Compose and publish a variety of writing pieces; and
- Speak and write appropriately using parts of speech, capitalization, punctuation and generalized spelling patterns, as well as language that shows a growing vocabulary; use glossaries/beginning dictionaries.

Examples of Your Child's Work at School:

- Using context clues to check for understanding when reading;
- Using phonics knowledge to read unknown words;
- Using knowledge about words to determine new words. (If I know ____, then I know ____.); and
- Asking and answering questions about key ideas and details.

How to Help Your Child at Home:

- Engage your child in repeated readings of favorite texts using expression and voices for characters.
- Talk about favorite texts (books, movies, commercials, songs, etc.). Remember, text is anything that communicates a message.
- Encourage your child to notice and correct mistakes when reading. This includes asking the questions: *Does that make sense? What word fits better? What does the illustration tell you?*
- Practice using known words to determine new words.
- Discuss stories, poems, recipes, movies or anything else your child enjoys. Text can be anything! The goal is to make sense of texts by using evidence.
- Encourage your child to connect background knowledge (what they know from experience) to text.

Questions You Can Ask Your Child:

- What book did you check out from the library this week? What can you tell me about it?
- Can you connect with what is happening in the text? Why or why not?
- What have you learned from the text?
- Can you show me a sample of something you have written recently? Tell me about how you decided what you would write. Show me a section of your writing you are proud of/still working on/would like to make better.

Questions You Can Ask Your Child's Teacher:

- What is my child reading and writing about at school?
- What vocabulary words does my child need to learn?
- How can I encourage learning at home and what resources do I need to support my child?

Grade 2 Science

Overview:

During 2nd grade, your child will learn skills that promote analysis and interpretation of data, critical thinking, problem solving and connections across different areas of science. Your child will:

- Study the different kinds of land and bodies of water;
- Look at different materials and discuss how they are alike and different;
- Look at plants and what they need to grow;
- Observe the different types of living things in an area and discuss how they work together; and
- Consider engineering design principles to solve problems, such as sketching a bridge to show how the design can help it withstand the weight of traffic.

Examples of Your Child's Work at School:

- Experimenting with how seeds travel;
- Making observations about different materials;
- Experimenting with water and how it affects land; and
- Developing a simple sketch, drawing or model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function.

How to Help Your Child at Home:

- Keep track of temperature and rainfall over summer, fall, winter and spring to look for patterns.
- As you watch movies or read books based in other states or countries, help your child identify similarities and differences in climate.
- Take advantage of nature programs offered in your community.
- Visit zoos and parks and use hiking, biking and cross-country trails to observe groups of animals and discuss how the group works together to help all members survive.
- Identify as many different plants and animals as possible and encourage your child to find more information about plants or animals of interest.

Questions You Can Ask Your Child:

- What do you notice or remember about waves?
- What patterns do you notice in rock formations? What might cause those layers?
- How do maps show you where mountains and other features of the earth are located?
- Why do plants have roots?
- How do plants and animals survive in different environments?
- Where does the energy come from that helps us heat our home? (water, sun, coal, etc.)

Questions You Can Ask Your Child's Teacher:

- What are resources I could use to help my child with science at home?
- What can I do at home to encourage my child to think ways to solve different types of erosion?
- How often does my child learn about science?

Grade 2 Social Studies

Overview:

In 2nd grade, students begin to understand how communities work together throughout North America (Canada, Mexico and the U.S.). Your child will:

- Compare the rights and responsibilities of citizens;
- Compare the ways various cultures in North America connect and interact;
- Categorize different limited resources as renewable and nonrenewable; and
- Identify and compare the diverse cultural groups of North America in the past and today.

Examples of Your Child's Work at School:

- Explaining the need for civic and political structures, such as community centers and governments, in North America;
- Explaining why people specialize in the production of goods and services;
- Analyzing reasons for similarities and differences in the settlement patterns of North America and Kentucky; and
- Describing the events and innovations that affect North America.

How to Help Your Child at Home:

- Encourage your child to ask questions. When your child asks questions, rather than give answers immediately, suggest thinking about where the answer might be found.
- Read with your child every day. Actively seek out social studies related books at your school or local library.
- Visit local museums, libraries and cultural institutions to explore how individuals and groups have shaped history.
- Discuss how limited resources (time, materials and natural resources) impact spending choices.
- Discuss how different groups work together to solve community problems.
- Talk to your child about the importance of civic participation, such as voting, etc., and locate examples in past and current events.

Questions You Can Ask Your Child:

- How can a person affect laws in the community?
- Why do some products cost more or less than other products?
- What are different ways problems in a community are solved?

Questions You Can Ask Your Child's Teacher:

- What books and authors would support my child's learning?
- What games can help my child practice locations at home?
- What places can I visit with my child in the local community that may help him or her learn what is being taught in class?
- What resources are available to support learning about social studies skills?